# Maryland Weekly Influenza Surveillance Activity Report

A summary of influenza surveillance indicators reported to DHMH for the week ending January 19, 2013

Prepared by the Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology and Outbreak Response Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

#### **SUMMARY**

During the week ending January 19, 2013, influenza-like illness (ILI) intensity in Maryland was **HIGH** with **WIDESPREAD** geographic spread of influenza. Influenza activity indicators continue to be elevated, but several are now showing a continued downward trend.

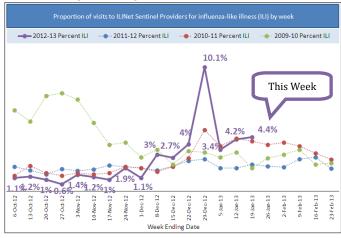
Click here to visit our influenza surveillance web page

ILI Intensity Levels					
Minimal					
Low					
Moderate					
<b>✓</b> High					

Influenza Geographic Spread
No Activity
Sporadic
Local
Regional
<b>✓</b> Widespread

#### **ILINet Sentinel Providers**

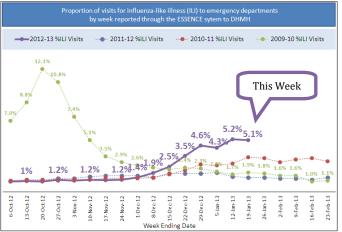
Twelve sentinel providers reported a total of 8,803 visits last week. Of those, 391 (4.4%) were visits for ILI. This is above the Maryland baseline of 2.9%.



ILI Visits To Sentinel Providers By Age Group	This Week Number (%)		Last Week Number (%)		Season Number (%)	
Age 0-4	73	(19%)	54	(14%)	694	(24%)
Age 5-24	156	(40%)	170	(43%)	1,147	(40%)
Age 25-49	121	(31%)	115	(29%)	731	(25%)
Age 50-64	29	(7%)	42	(11%)	204	(7%)
Age ≥ 65	12	(3%)	16	(4%)	95	(3%)
Total ILI Visits	391	(100%)	397	(100%)	2,871	(100%)

#### Visits to Emergency Departments for ILI

Emergency Departments in Maryland reported a total of 50,344 visits through the ESSENCE surveillance system. Of those, 2,571 (5.1%) were visits for ILI.



ILI Visits To Emergency Departments By Age Group	This Week Number (%)		Last Week Number (%)		Season Number (%)	
Age 0-4	518	(20%)	492	(18%)	4,858	(27%)
Age 5-24	742	(29%)	743	(27%)	5,169	(28%)
Age 25-49	825	(32%)	943	(34%)	5,439	(30%)
Age 50-64	310	(12%)	377	(14%)	1,818	(10%)
Age ≥ 65	176	(7%)	190	(7%)	1,008	(6%)
Total ILI Visits	2,571	(100%)	2,745	(100%)	18,292	(100%)

# Neighboring states' influenza information:

Delaware http://dhss.delaware.gov/dph/epi/influenzahome.html

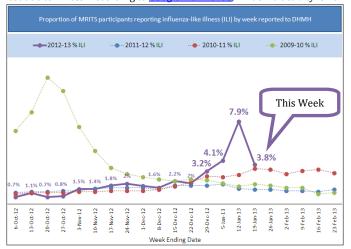
District of Columbia http://doh.dc.gov/service/influenza

 $Pennsylvania \qquad http://www.portal.state.pa.us/portal/server.pt/community/influenza\_(flu)/14161$ 

Virginia http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/Epidemiology/Surveillance/Influenza/West Virginia http://dhhr.wv.gov/oeps/disease/flu/Pages/fluSurveillance.aspx

## Community-based Influenza Surveillance (MRITS and Google Flu Trends)

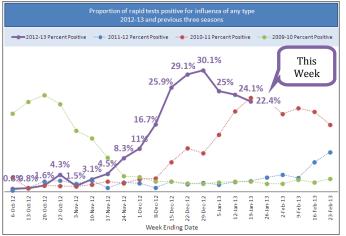
A total of 688 responses to the weekly flu survey (MRITS) were received. Of those, 26 (3.8%) reported ILI with a cumulative 67 days of regular daily activities lost due to illness. According to Google Flu Trends, influenza activity is now "intense" in Maryland.

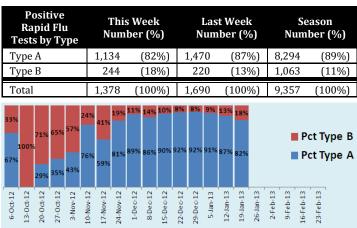




# **Clinical Laboratory Influenza Testing**

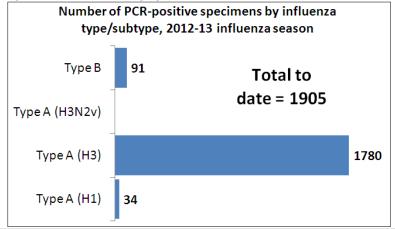
Twenty-seven clinical laboratories reported 6,148 rapid influenza tests performed. Of those, 1,378 (22.4%) were positive. Of those testing positive, 1,134 were positive for influenza type A, and 244 were positive for type B. (Rapid influenza tests are not as accurate as PCR tests. Now that the State Laboratories Administration has reported positive PCR tests for influenza, rapid positive tests are counted as lab-confirmed cases for surveillance purposes.)





## **State Laboratories Administration Influenza Testing**

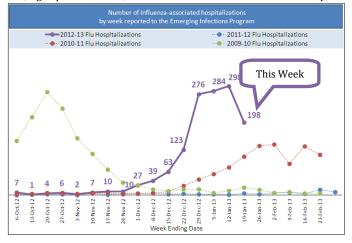
The State Laboratories Administration has reported 1,905 PCR-positive specimens from 3,208 total tests reported this flu season. Of those positives, 1,780 (93%) were type A(H3), 91 (5%) were type B, and 34 (2%) were type A (H1N1). Influenza tests performed at the State Laboratory are considered the gold standard of influenza laboratory testing for influenza surveillance purposes.



Go to <a href="http://dhmh.maryland.gov/flumd/SitePages/getvaccinated.aspx">http://dhmh.maryland.gov/flumd/SitePages/getvaccinated.aspx</a> and click on your county/city of residence. You will be redirected to your local health department website for local information on where to get your flu vaccine.

## **Influenza-associated Hospitalizations**

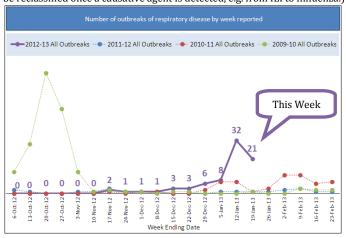
Hospitals in Maryland reported 198 influenza-associated hospitalizations. (A person with an overnight hospital stay along with a positive influenza test of any kind, e.g. rapid test or PCR, is considered an "influenza-associated hospitalization" for purposes of influenza surveillance.)



Influenza- Associated Hospitalizations by Age Group	This Week Number (%)		Last Week Number (%)		Season Number (%)	
Age 0-4	19	(10%)	18	(6%)	119	(9%)
Age 5-17	8	(4%)	10	(3%)	53	(4%)
Age 18-24	7	(4%)	10	(3%)	63	(5%)
Age 25-49	14	(7%)	44	(15%)	196	(14%)
Age 50-64	34	(17%)	44	(15%)	231	(17%)
Age ≥ 65	116	(59%)	172	(58%)	693	(51%)
Total	198	(100%)	298	(100%)	1,355	(100%)

## **Outbreaks of Respiratory Disease**

Twenty-one outbreaks of respiratory disease were reported to DHMH. (Disease outbreaks of any kind are reportable in Maryland. Respiratory outbreaks may be reclassified once a causative agent is detected, e.g. from ILI to influenza.)



Respiratory Outbreaks by Type		This Week Number (%)		t Week ber (%)	Season Number (%)	
Influenza	16	(76%)	21	(66%)	55	(71%)
Influenza-like Illness	4	(19%)	7	(22%)	15	(19%)
Pneumonia	1	(5%)	4	(13%)	8	(10%)
Other Respiratory						
Total	21	(100%)	32	(100%)	78	(100%)

## National Influenza Surveillance (CDC)

During the week ending January 19, 2013, influenza activity remained elevated in the United States, but decreased in some areas.

- O Viral Surveillance: Of 11,984 specimens tested and reported by collaborating laboratories, 3,129 (26.1%) were positive for influenza.
- O Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality: The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was above the epidemic threshold.
- O <u>Influenza-Associated Pediatric Deaths:</u> Eight influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported.
- Influenza-Associated Hospitalizations: A cumulative rate for the season of 22.2 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported. Of all hospitalizations, 50% were among adults 65 years and older.
- Outpatient Illness Surveillance: The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 4.3%; this is above the national baseline of 2.2%. All 10 regions reported ILI above region-specific baseline levels. Twenty-six states and New York City experienced high ILI activity; 14 states experienced moderate activity; 9 states experienced low activity; 1 state experienced minimal activity, and the District of Columbia had insufficient data.
- Geographic Spread of Influenza: Forty-seven states reported widespread geographic influenza activity; 2 states reported regional activity; the District of Columbia and one state reported local activity; Guam reported sporadic influenza activity, and Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands did not report.

